

Auckland Airport

1H21 – Earnings Grounded

ANDY BOWLEY

andy.bowley@forsythbarr.co.nz
+64 4 495 8246

SCOTT ANDERSON

scott.anderson@forsythbarr.co.nz
+64 4 914 2219

NEUTRAL

Auckland Airport (AIA) reported its first underlying loss as a listed company due to the temporary COVID-19 driven decimation of international passenger travel. Its 1H21 result is largely irrelevant as a barometer of its longer term profit generation ability. The international passenger driven aviation business will recover, but there is a high degree of uncertainty as to the recovery timing and trajectory. Recent events suggest the prospect of imminent quarantine free travel is less likely with Australia and that border restrictions may only ease once vaccinations in New Zealand have reached a certain (herd immunity) threshold. There still remains a high level of uncertainty as to the near, medium and longer term outlook for AIA. It remains a high quality long term asset but with valuation headwinds from rising bond rates, we remain NEUTRAL.

NZX Code	AIA	Financials: Jun/	20A	21E	22E	23E	Valuation (x)	20A	21E	22E	23E
Share price	NZ\$6.90	NPAT* (NZ\$m)	203.5	-35.5	75.2	223.1	PE	43.4	n/a	n/a	45.5
Target price	NZ\$6.70	EPS* (NZc)	15.9	-2.4	5.1	15.2	EV/EBIT	42.9	n/a	69.5	32.8
Risk rating	Low	EPS growth* (%)	-30.2	n/a	n/a	n/a	EV/EBITDA	30.4	71.9	39.6	24.1
Issued shares	1472.0m	DPS (NZc)	0.0	0.0	2.6	15.2	Price / NTA	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.5
Market cap	NZ\$10,157m	Imputation (%)	100	100	100	100	Cash div yld (%)	0.0	0.0	0.4	2.2
Avg daily turnover	2,383k (NZ\$15,604k)	*Based on normalised profits					Gross div yld (%)	0.0	0.0	0.5	3.1

What's changed?

- **Earnings:** Longer pax recovery profile dampens forecasts in each outlook year
- **Target price:** Lowered to NZ\$6.70 due to (1) slower pax recovery, and (2) a higher WACC from higher bond rates

Pax recovery may take longer

Recent events (in particular new but well contained outbreaks in Victoria and Auckland) suggest the likelihood of a trans-Tasman bubble (quarantine free travel) is increasingly unlikely ahead of mass inoculations, in our opinion. Vaccinations begin in both countries over the coming days, but the progress rates are likely to be two speed (New Zealand lagging behind Australia). Should Australia relax its border restrictions more widely, exiting a bubble could be far more difficult than entering one for New Zealand. Management remains hopeful that a bubble will emerge, yet has excluded the possibility in its FY21 earnings guidance. Our updated forecasts assume border relaxation now begins mid-FY22 rather than in 2H21.

Capex triggers

AIA's capex outlook has fallen dramatically. Management will update the market on the likely timing of its eight key anchor projects at the FY21 result. It has also confirmed a new trigger based capex approach, with specific triggers for each project, which include pax, construction sequencing and road traffic. This lower capex outlook adds to current balance sheet headroom. Notwithstanding the risk of a covenant breach at June 2022, the balance sheet has spare capacity and a capital return is likely once the pax recovery is in flight.

Aero price reset may be deferred

Management has suggested that due to heightened capex uncertainty the aeronautical price reset for PSE4 (price setting event 4) effective 1 July 2022, may be delayed. AIA would likely maintain FY22 pricing in FY23 and thereafter until such time a new price path had been established. This may mean lower pricing for a longer period of time than would ordinarily be the case, but the overall impact on AIA's regulatory accounts would be on a NPV=0 basis through PSE4 (FY23–FY27).

Auckland International Airport Ltd (AIA)

Priced as at 18 Feb 2021 (NZ\$)

6.90

12-month target price (NZ\$)*

6.70

Expected share price return

-2.9%

Net dividend yield

0.2%

Estimated 12-month return

-2.7%

Spot valuations (NZ\$)

1. DCF

6.25

2. n/a

n/a

3. n/a

n/a

Key WACC assumptions

Risk free rate

2.30%

Equity beta

0.86

WACC

5.5%

Terminal growth

1.5%

DCF valuation summary (NZ\$m)

Total firm value

10,635

(Net debt)/cash

(1,428)

Less: Capitalised operating leases

0

Value of equity

9,207

Profit and Loss Account (NZ\$m)	2019A	2020A	2021E	2022E	2023E
Sales revenue	743.4	567.0	270.8	432.0	644.1
Normalised EBITDA	554.8	388.0	159.3	290.4	477.8
Depreciation and amortisation	(102.2)	(112.7)	(121.8)	(124.8)	(127.6)
Normalised EBIT	452.6	275.3	37.5	165.6	350.2
Net interest	(78.5)	(71.8)	(73.3)	(68.7)	(48.9)
Associate income	8.2	8.4	6.0	7.5	8.5
Tax	(109.2)	2.2	(3.9)	(29.2)	(86.8)
Minority interests	0	0	0	0	0
Normalised NPAT	274.7	203.5	(35.5)	75.2	223.1
Abnormals/other	(248.8)	9.6	(38.6)	0	0
Reported NPAT	523.5	193.9	3.1	75.2	223.1
Normalised EPS (cps)	22.8	15.9	(2.4)	5.1	15.2
DPS (cps)	22.3	0	0	2.6	15.2

Valuation Ratios	2019A	2020A	2021E	2022E	2023E
EV/EBITDA (x)	21.8	30.4	71.9	39.6	24.1
EV/EBIT (x)	26.7	42.9	>100x	69.5	32.8
PE (x)	30.3	43.4	n/a	>100x	45.5
Price/NTA (x)	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.5
Free cash flow yield (%)	0.5	-2.0	-0.8	-1.6	-0.6
Net dividend yield (%)	3.2	0.0	0.0	0.4	2.2
Gross dividend yield (%)	4.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	3.1

Growth Rates	2019A	2020A	2021A	2022A	2023A
Revenue (%)	8.7	-23.7	-52.2	59.5	49.1
EBITDA (%)	9.6	-30.1	-58.9	82.2	64.6
EBIT (%)	8.4	-39.2	-86.4	>100	>100
Normalised NPAT (%)	4.4	-25.9	n/a	n/a	>100
Normalised EPS (%)	3.6	-30.2	n/a	n/a	>100
Ordinary DPS (%)	2.3	-100.0	n/a	n/a	>100

Capital Structure	2019A	2020A	2021E	2022E	2023E
Interest cover EBIT (x)	5.8	3.8	0.5	2.4	7.2
Interest cover EBITDA (x)	7.1	5.4	2.2	4.2	9.8
Net debt/ND+E (%)	26.3	17.2	18.0	19.6	19.7
Net debt/EBITDA (x)	3.9	3.6	9.2	5.7	3.6

Cash Flow (NZ\$m)	2019A	2020A	2021E	2022E	2023E
EBITDA	554.8	388.0	159.3	290.4	477.8
Working capital change	(48.6)	18.0	(6.0)	(7.5)	(8.5)
Interest & tax paid	(187.7)	(69.6)	(77.1)	(97.9)	(135.6)
Other	57.4	(160.6)	42.7	7.5	8.5
Operating cash flow	375.9	175.8	118.9	192.5	342.2
Capital expenditure	(320.1)	(376.6)	(200.0)	(350.0)	(400.0)
(Acquisitions)/divestments	(0.8)	(23.1)	0	0	0
Other	(7.0)	(11.8)	(6.8)	(10.7)	(13.7)
Funding available/(required)	48.0	(235.7)	(87.9)	(168.3)	(71.5)
Dividends paid	(192.4)	(89.4)	6.0	(11.3)	9.5
Equity raised/(returned)	0	1,178.1	0	0	0
(Increase)/decrease in net debt	(144.4)	853.0	(81.9)	(179.5)	(62.0)

Key Ratios	2019A	2020A	2021E	2022E	2023E
Return on assets (%)	5.2	3.0	0.4	1.8	3.8
Return on equity (%)	4.6	3.1	-0.5	1.1	3.2
Return on funds employed (%)	11.0	7.4	0.5	3.0	6.0
EBITDA margin (%)	74.6	68.4	58.8	67.2	74.2
EBIT margin (%)	60.9	48.6	13.9	38.3	54.4
Capex to sales (%)	43.1	66.4	73.8	81.0	62.1
Capex to depreciation (%)	313	334	164	280	314
Imputation (%)	100	100	100	100	100
Pay-out ratio (%)	98	0	0	50	100

Balance Sheet (NZ\$m)	2019A	2020A	2021E	2022E	2023E
Working capital	(33.4)	(38.5)	(43.1)	(68.7)	(102.4)
Fixed assets	6,577.1	6,060.8	6,039.0	6,164.2	6,336.6
Intangibles	0	0	0	0	0
Right of use asset	0	0	0	0	0
Other assets	2,013.7	2,403.3	2,539.3	2,676.8	2,815.3
Total funds employed	8,557.4	8,425.6	8,535.2	8,772.3	9,049.5
Net debt/(cash)	2,153.1	1,379.9	1,461.8	1,641.3	1,703.4
Lease liability	0	0	0	0	0
Other liabilities	371.4	408.6	408.6	408.6	408.6
Shareholder's funds	6,032.9	6,637.1	6,664.8	6,722.3	6,937.5
Minority interests	0	0	0	0	0
Total funding sources	8,557.4	8,425.6	8,535.2	8,772.3	9,049.5

Operating Performance	2019A	2020A	2021E	2022E	2023E
Aeronautical	342.2	262.3	106.7	188.1	287.1
Consumer	301.3	201.9	47.5	119.6	224.9
Property	94.7	97.0	107.4	115.0	122.6
Other	5.2	5.8	9.2	9.3	9.5
Sales revenue	743.4	567.0	270.8	432.0	644.1

Aeronautical	252.1	167.2	56.7	116.1	207.1
Consumer	269.0	173.1	36.5	92.6	197.9
Property	72.2	75.0	89.2	93.2	98.1
Other	(38.5)	(27.3)	(23.0)	(11.5)	(25.3)
EBITDAFI	554.8	388.0	159.3	290.4	477.8
International pax growth (%)	3.0	-26.3	-95.9	900.0	150.0
Transits (%)	-1.2	-1.2	-90.9	n/a	114.3
Domestic pax growth (%)	3.6	-26.5	-22.4	40.4	12.5

Aero income per pax change	1.3	4.8	12.0	3.8	5.3
Retail sales per int'l pax change	15.5	-14.9	146.3	-53.5	-7.5
Car park income per pax change	1.7	6.6	-17.0	15.0	8.0
Yield on property BV (%)	6.8	5.7	5.5	5.5	5.5
Int'l aircraft numbers ('000)	57.1	45.0	14.2	29.2	45.5
Domestic aircraft numbers ('000)	121.7	94.2	78.1	103.7	110.7

* Forsyth Barr target prices reflect valuation rolled forward at cost of equity less the next 12-months dividend

Key investor themes; uncertainty persists; NEUTRAL

There are four broad themes dominating investor thinking on Auckland Airport (AIA) currently. (1) The recovery profile and prospects for a trans-Tasman bubble and broader quarantine free travel thereafter. (2) Opposing balance sheet forces of near term covenant risk yet a medium term capital return opportunity. (3) Re-pricing and re-licensing of aeronautical charges and commercial concessions, respectively, over the next 2–3 years. (4) The capex profile, which management will likely update at the FY21 result. All of these drivers are linked to varying degrees with the pax recovery being the ultimate driver, which is currently highly uncertain.

We believe management is increasingly concerned that a trans-Tasman bubble may be further delayed, or not happen at all, given its apparent increased desire to preserve the balance sheet. The next covenant test is for the 12 months to 30 June 2022. In the absence of a trans-Tasman bubble by mid-FY22, AIA is likely to breach. In that event it would ideally have as strong a balance sheet as possible to avoid the need to raise further capital. We believe the prospect of a further capital raise is unlikely, even in the event of a breach.

We lower our target price to NZ\$6.70 from NZ\$6.90 to reflect:

- A higher WACC assumption (5.5% from 5.1%) due to a higher risk free rate assumption (2.3% from 1.3%), partly offset by a reduction in our tax-adjusted market risk premium (5.5% from 6.0%). This only impacts the value of AIA's commercial assets within our valuation approach.
- An elongated recovery profile with international pax recovering back to FY19 levels in FY26 (previously FY25).

Result summary

Auckland Airport (AIA) reported a 1H21 result that means little in the context of the company's longer term earnings profile. COVID-19 has decimated its profitability for the time being, but this should recover when borders reopen. It reported its first underlying NPAT loss (-NZ\$10.5m) since listing in 1998, on a revenue decline of -65%. While the aviation business experienced very challenging conditions, the property development business continues to grow with rental income up +3%, and more importantly the forward rent roll of NZ\$116m pa, up +11% from August 2020. Another highlight is the -34% year on year reduction in opex (principally staffing, outsourced activities and marketing). There will be no interim dividend as previously agreed with its lenders.

Figure 1. Summary of 1H21 result (NZ\$m)

	1H20	1H21	Change	Forbar
Sales revenue	374.7	131.5	-64.9%	134.0
EBITDAFI	279.2	88.2	-68.4%	70.6
Depreciation	(55.4)	(59.3)	7.0%	(58.9)
Underlying NPAT	139.9	(10.5)	-107.5%	(13.2)
Underlying EPS (cents)	11.5	(0.7)	-106.2%	(0.9)
Interim DPS (cents)	0.0	0.0	n/a	0.0

Source: AIA, Forsyth Barr analysis

Figure 2. Segmental split of 1H21 result (NZ\$m)

	1H20	1H21	Change	Forbar
Aeronautical	167.3	52.5	-68.6%	54.4
Retail	113.6	7.0	-93.8%	3.6
Property	50.2	51.7	3.0%	53.2
Car Park	34.3	12.5	-63.6%	17.7
Other	9.3	7.8	-16.1%	5.2
Revenue	374.7	131.5	-64.9%	134.0

Source: AIA, Forsyth Barr analysis

Earnings revisions

We lower our earnings forecasts in all years to principally reflect a slower pax recovery path. Our revised FY21 NPAT loss estimate of -NZ\$35.5m is at the lower/better end of the first time guidance band (-NZ\$35m to -NZ\$55m) provided by management. Our FY22 estimates assume AIA comfortably exceeds its next covenant test (EBIT interest cover >1.5x) at June 2022, albeit this is reliant on quarantine free travel resuming around mid-FY22.

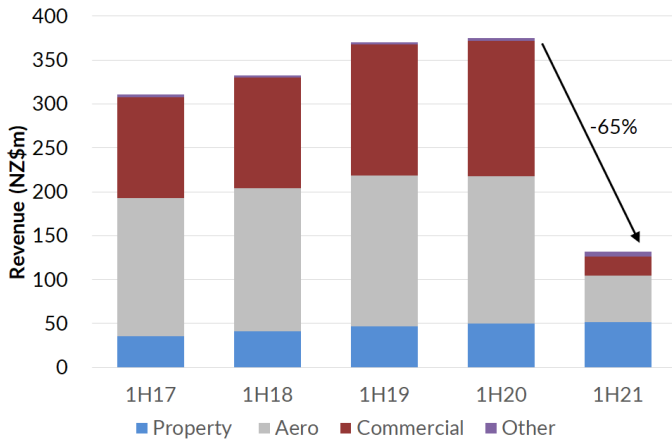
Figure 3. Earnings revisions summary (NZ\$m)

	FY21E			FY22E			FY23E		
	Old	New	Chg	Old	New	Chg	Old	New	Chg
International pax growth	-72.8%	-95.9%	-2308 bps	250.0%	900.0%	65000 bps	14.3%	150.0%	13571 bps
Retail per int'l pax	14.00	43.00	207.1%	17.50	20.00	14.3%	18.50	18.50	0.0%
Sales revenue	303.0	270.8	-10.6%	588.2	432.0	-26.6%	680.4	644.1	-5.3%
EBITDAFI	166.5	159.3	-4.3%	429.0	290.4	-32.3%	499.5	477.8	-4.3%
Underlying NPAT	(0.0)	(35.5)	n/a	188.3	75.2	-60.1%	238.5	223.1	-6.5%
Underlying EPS (cents)	(0.0)	(2.4)	n/a	12.8	5.1	-60.1%	16.2	15.2	-6.5%
DPS (cents)	0.0	0.0	n/a	5.1	2.6	-50.1%	13.0	15.2	16.9%

Source: Forsyth Barr analysis

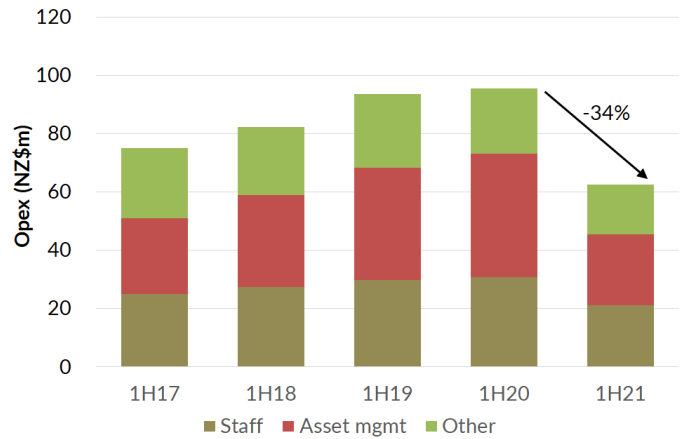
Key charts following AIA's 1H21 result

Figure 4. Revenue: Aviation business has been crushed at least temporarily; property far more defensive



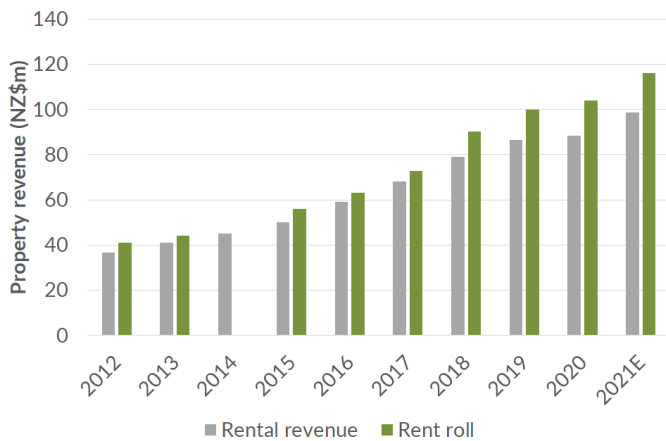
Source: AIA, Forsyth Barr analysis

Figure 5. Opex: Cost base has been addressed but will likely rise in 2H21 in light of management's guidance and commentary



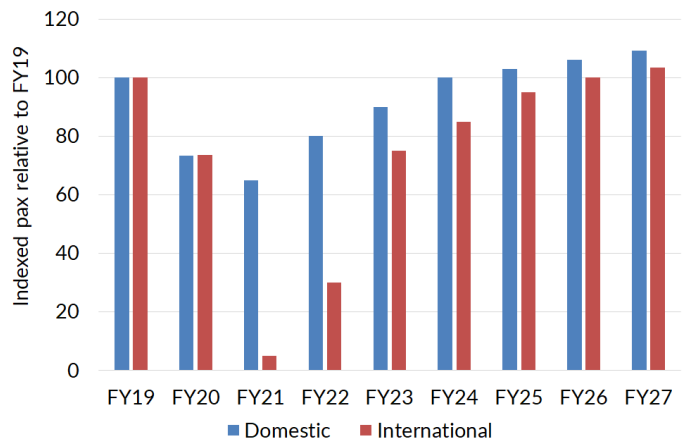
Source: AIA, Forsyth Barr analysis

Figure 6. Investment property: Reported rentals follow rent roll with 1–3 year lag. Rent roll up +11% in past six months



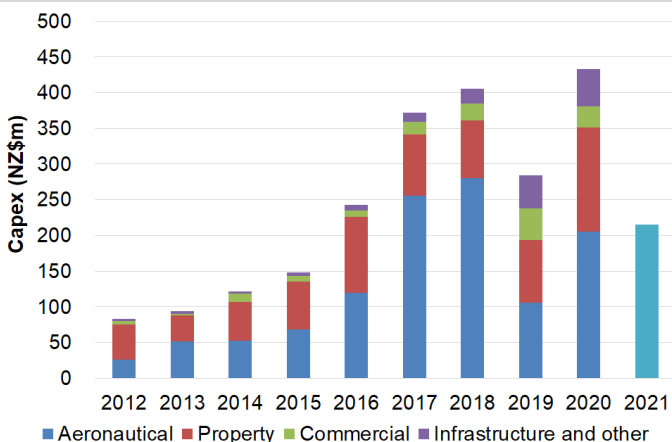
Source: AIA, Forsyth Barr analysis Note: 2014 rent roll not provided

Figure 7. International pax: Our revised recovery forecasts imply no quarantine-free international travel until 2H22



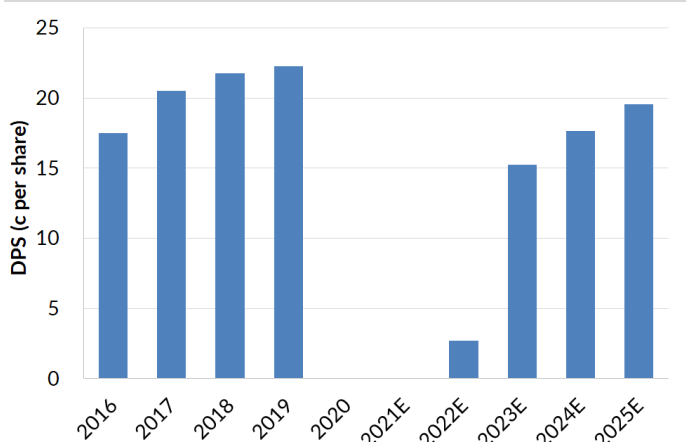
Source: AIA, Forsyth Barr analysis

Figure 8. Capex: Updated guidance of NZ\$200m–NZ\$230m for FY21; lowest spend since FY15



Source: AIA, Forsyth Barr analysis

Figure 9. DPS: Dividend holiday could extend beyond FY22 final should borders remain closed into CY22



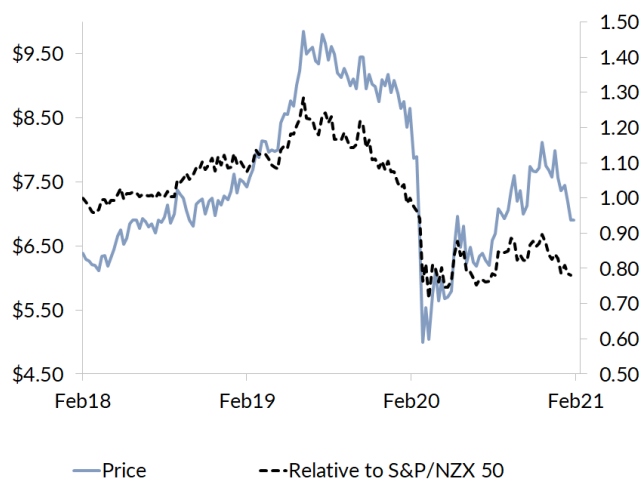
Source: AIA, Forsyth Barr analysis

Result analysis

Figure 10. AIA 1H21 result summary (NZ\$m)

	1H20	1H21	Change	Comments
Profit and loss account				
Sales revenue	374.7	131.5	-65%	A function of border closures
Airfield income	60.8	30.8	-49%	Aircraft movements down -49.5% in period
Passenger Service Charge	91.1	9.5	-90%	International pax down -97.1%, transits -94.0% and domestic -44.6%
Retail income	113.6	7.0	-94%	International PSR down -40.0%, domestic PSR +8.5% above pre COVID-19 levels
Property income	50.2	51.7	3%	Rent roll up to NZ\$116m; 98.2% occupancy rate, 10.1 years WALT; relief of NZ\$2.8m provided
Car Park income	34.3	12.5	-64%	Excess international carparking used to accommodate increased domestic demand
Interest income	0.7	3.1	343%	
Other income	24.0	16.9	-30%	Includes wage subsidy of NZ\$2.2m
EBITDAFI	279.2	88.2	-68%	Includes the NZ\$14.9m reversal of fixed asset termination costs
Depreciation	(55.4)	(59.3)	7%	
Associate income	5.0	3.2	-36%	Queenstown airport contribution down -78%, Novotel up +9% (Novotel is an MIQ facility)
One-time items	8.7	30.6	252%	Investment property fair value charge of NZ\$29.8m, derivative fair value charge of NZ\$0.8m
Interest expense	(34.7)	(35.0)	1%	Interest/depreciation guidance of +NZ\$6m to +NZ\$7m increase in 2H21
Taxation	(55.6)	0.4	-101%	A result of the underlying loss
Reported NPAT	147.2	28.1	-81%	Large cost cutting measures imposed, with opex down -34%
Abnormals (post tax)	(7.3)	(38.6)	429%	
Underlying NPAT	139.9	(10.5)	-108%	First time FY21 guidance provided for a loss of between -NZ\$35m and -NZ\$55m
Underlying EPS (cents)	11.5	(0.7)	-106%	First underlying loss since listing in 1998
Interim DPS (cents)	0.00	0.00	n/a	Dividends suspended whilst covenant waivers remain in place – there will be no FY21 dividend
Cashflow and net debt				
Operating cashflow	358.6	133.8	-63%	
Maintenance capex = depreciation	(55.4)	(59.3)	7%	FY21 capex guidance of NZ\$200m–NZ\$230m, revised down from NZ\$250m–NZ\$300m
Capitalised interest	(6.5)	(3.6)	-45%	
Associate dividends	8.9	0.0	-100%	
Free cash flow	305.6	70.9	-77%	
Acquisitions	(15.4)	(6.6)	n/a	
Disposals	0.0	0.5	n/a	
Net debt	2,311	1,330	-42.4%	Gearing of 23.5%, no change in debt facilities since 30 June 2020
Margin and efficiency analysis				
Underlying EBITDAFI margin	56.6%	67.1%	19%	
Op. income per passenger	35.37	46.58	32%	Distorted by the significant change in business mix to property and cargo
Retail income per international passenger	20.42	41.06	101%	Skewed due to domestic retail income continuing but international passengers down -97%
Car park income per passenger	3.41	4.48	31%	
Operating staff costs/operating revenue	8.2%	16.0%	96%	Staff costs down -NZ\$8.1m and outsourced operations providing further savings of -NZ\$8.9m
Operational statistics				
International passengers	5,837	187	-97%	Borders remain largely closed
Domestic passengers	4,758	2,636	-45%	Under Alert level 1, domestic pax has recovered to c.65% of pre COVID-19 levels
International MCTOW (kT)	2,915	826	-72%	Total freight cargo tonnage down just -11% in the period
Domestic MCTOW (kT)	1,169	761	-35%	
International aircraft (numbers)	28,616	6,762	-76%	Decline less than pax reflects cargo activity
Domestic aircraft (numbers)	59,974	37,975	-37%	Lack of international pax, lockdowns in Auckland and Jetstar's regional withdrawal

Source: AIA, Forsyth Barr analysis

Figure 11. Price performance


Source: Forsyth Barr analysis

Figure 12. Substantial shareholders

Shareholder	Latest Holding
Auckland City Council	18.1%
BlackRock Investment Management	5.0%

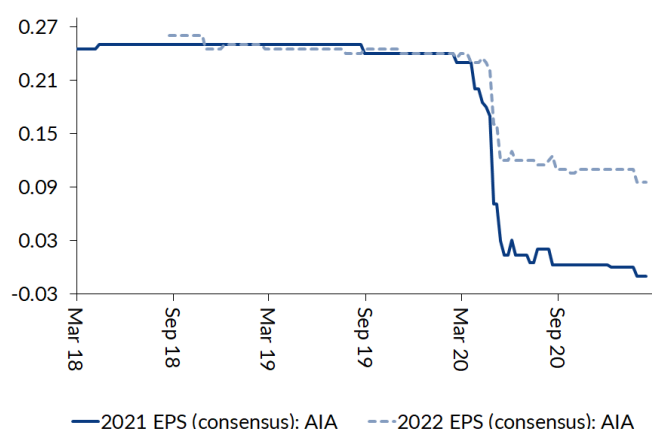
Source: NZX, Forsyth Barr analysis, NOTE: based on SPH notices only

Figure 13. International valuation comparisons

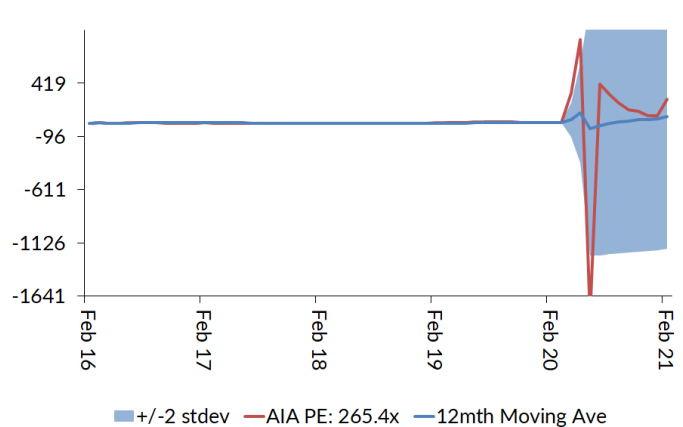
Company	Code	Price	Mkt Cap (m)	PE 2021E	PE 2022E	EV/EBITDA 2021E	EV/EBITDA 2022E	EV/EBIT 2021E	EV/EBIT 2022E	Cash Yld 2022E
(metrics re-weighted to reflect AIA's balance date - June)										
Auckland Airport	AIA NZ	NZ\$6.90	NZ\$10,157	<0x	>50x	72.4x	39.7x	>75x	69.7x	0.4%
SYDNEY AIRPORT	SYD AT	A\$5.69	A\$15,356	<0x	<0x	51.9x	33.0x	<0x	>75x	2.7%
MALAYSIA AIRPORTS HLDGS BHD	MAHB MK	RM5.66	RM9,391	<0x	<0x	26.9x	9.3x	<0x	24.5x	9.7%
FLUGHAFEN WIEN AG	FLU AV	€29.00	€2,436	<0x	<0x	34.1x	14.6x	>75x	>75x	0.9%
FLUGHAFEN ZURICH AG-REG	FHZN SW	CHF151.00	CHF4,636	>50x	>50x	26.4x	13.7x	1.7x	42.0x	2.0%
FRAPORT AG FRANKFURT AIRPORT	FRA GY	€46.26	€4,278	<0x	<0x	<0x	15.1x	<0x	<0x	1.5%
AIRPORTS OF THAILAND PCL	AOT TB	THB63.25	THB903,571	<0x	22.5x	<0x	<0x	<0x	13.3x	0.6%
BEIJING CAPITAL INTL AIRPO-H	694 HK	CN¥5.56	CN¥25,460	8.4x	36.3x	33.5x	10.1x	4.0x	24.3x	2.0%
Compco Average:				8.4x	29.4x	34.6x	16.0x	2.9x	26.0x	2.8%
AIA Relative:				n/a	n/a	109%	149%	n/a	168%	-87%

EV = Current Market Cap + Actual Net Debt

Source: *Forsyth Barr analysis, Bloomberg Consensus, Compco metrics re-weighted to reflect headline (AIA) companies fiscal year end

Figure 14. Consensus EPS momentum (NZ\$)


Source: Forsyth Barr analysis

Figure 15. One year forward PE (x)


Source: Forsyth Barr analysis

Analyst certification: The research analyst(s) primarily responsible for the preparation and content of this publication ("**Analysts**") are named on the first page of this publication. Each such Analyst certifies (other than in relation to content or views expressly attributed to another analyst) that (i) the views expressed in this publication accurately reflect their personal views about each issuer and financial product referenced and were prepared in an independent manner, including with respect to Forsyth Barr Limited and its related companies; and (ii) no part of the Analyst's compensation was, is, or will be, directly or indirectly, related to the specific recommendations or views expressed by that Analyst in this report.

Analyst holdings: The following Analyst(s) have a threshold interest in the financial products referred to in this publication: N/A. For these purposes, a threshold interest is defined as being a holder of more than \$50,000 in value or 1% of the financial products on issue, whichever is the lesser.

Ratings distributions: As at 17 Feb 2021, Forsyth Barr's research ratings were distributed as follows:

OUTPERFORM	NEUTRAL	UNDERPERFORM
46.2%	36.5%	17.3%

Forsyth Barr's research ratings are OUTPERFORM, NEUTRAL, and UNDERPERFORM. The ratings are relative to our other equity security recommendations across our New Zealand market coverage and are based on risk-adjusted Estimated Total Returns for the securities in question. Risk-adjusted Estimated Total Returns are calculated from our assessment of the risk profile, expected dividends and target price for the relevant security.

Disclosure: Forsyth Barr Limited and its related companies (and their respective directors, officers, agents and employees) ("Forsyth Barr") may have long or short positions or otherwise have interests in the financial products referred to in this publication, and may be directors or officers of, and/or provide (or be intending to provide) investment banking or other services to, the issuer of those financial products (and may receive fees for so acting). Forsyth Barr is not a registered bank within the meaning of the Reserve Bank of New Zealand Act 1989. Forsyth Barr may buy or sell financial products as principal or agent, and in doing so may undertake transactions that are not consistent with any recommendations contained in this publication. Other Forsyth Barr business units may hold views different from those in this publication; any such views will generally not be brought to your attention. Forsyth Barr confirms no inducement has been accepted from the issuer(s) that are the subject of this publication, whether pecuniary or otherwise, in connection with making any recommendation contained in this publication. In preparing this publication, non-financial assistance (for example, access to staff or information) may have been provided by the issuer(s) being researched.

Investment banking engagements: Other than confidential engagements, Forsyth Barr has not within the past 12 months been engaged to provide investment banking services to the issuer that is the subject of this publication. For information about whether Forsyth Barr has within the past 12 months been engaged to provide investment banking services to any other issuer referred to in this publication, please refer to the most recent research report for that issuer's financial products.

Not personalised financial advice: The recommendations and opinions in this publication do not take into account your personal financial situation or investment goals. The financial products referred to in this publication may not be suitable for you. If you wish to receive personalised financial advice, please contact your Forsyth Barr Investment Adviser. The value of financial products may go up and down and investors may not get back the full (or any) amount invested. Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance. Disclosure statements for Forsyth Barr Investment Advisers are available on request and free of charge.

Disclaimer: This publication has been prepared in good faith based on information obtained from sources believed to be reliable and accurate. However, that information has not been independently verified or investigated by Forsyth Barr. Forsyth Barr does not make any representation or warranty (express or implied) that the information in this publication is accurate or complete, and, to the maximum extent permitted by law, excludes and disclaims any liability (including in negligence) for any loss which may be incurred by any person acting or relying upon any information, analysis, opinion or recommendation in this publication. Forsyth Barr does not undertake to keep current this publication; any opinions or recommendations may change without notice to you. Any analyses or valuations will typically be based on numerous assumptions; different assumptions may yield materially different results. Nothing in this publication should be construed as a solicitation to buy or sell any financial product, or to engage in or refrain from doing so, or to engage in any other transaction. This publication is not intended to be distributed or made available to any person in any jurisdiction where doing so would constitute a breach of any applicable laws or regulations or would subject Forsyth Barr to any registration or licensing requirement within such jurisdiction.

Terms of use: Copyright Forsyth Barr Limited. You may not redistribute, copy, revise, amend, create a derivative work from, extract data from, or otherwise commercially exploit this publication in any way. By accessing this publication via an electronic platform, you agree that the platform provider may provide Forsyth Barr with information on your readership of the publications available through that platform.