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The a2 Milk Company Taking a Step into Processing

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OUTPERFORM 2



The a2 Milk Company (ATM) has entered into exclusive due diligence and filed a non-binding indicative offer to purchase a 75% interest in NZ dairy processor, Mataura Valley Milk (MVM). Strategically the transaction makes sense, particularly for risk mitigation over the longer-term. Importantly it provides manufacturing diversification, future proofing in case of regulatory change (requiring integrated manufacturing) and a stronger relationship with China State Farms. However, we expect it to take time to provide an adequate payback / return, with risk of a (small) operating loss near-term, depending how much volume is able to be shifted. Using Synlait Milk (SML.NZ) as a benchmark suggests returns above WACC (albeit unsurprisingly well below ATM's current ROIC) is achievable in time, particularly should the facility get Chinese regulatory approval.

| NZX Code | ATM | Financials: Jun/ | 20A | 21E | 22E | 23E | Valuation (x) | 20A | 21E | 22E | 23E |
|--------------------|----------------------|------------------|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------------------|------|------|------|------|
| Share price | NZ\$20.27 | NPAT* (NZ\$m) | 385.8 | 456.1 | 537.9 | 609.9 | EV/EBITDA | 25.5 | 21.0 | 17.6 | 15.6 |
| Target price | NZ\$25.00 | EPS* (NZc) | 52.1 | 61.6 | 72.7 | 82.4 | EV/EBIT | 25.7 | 21.2 | 17.8 | 15.8 |
| Risk rating | High | EPS growth* (%) | 34.4 | 18.2 | 17.9 | 13.4 | PE | 38.9 | 32.9 | 27.9 | 24.6 |
| Issued shares | 736.5m | DPS (NZc) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 24.7 | Price / NTA | 13.3 | 9.6 | 7.1 | 5.7 |
| Market cap | NZ\$14,928m | Imputation (%) | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | Cash div yld (%) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.2 |
| Avg daily turnover | 728.4k (NZ\$12,068k) | *Based on normal | ised prof | its | | | Gross div yld (%) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.7 |

Transaction key points of note

- Non-binding indicative offer for 75% interest in MVM: For NZ\$270m, as part of ATM's long-term strategy to "participate in manufacturing". This implies an enterprise value of ~NZ\$360m for MVM (~1.4x build cost; ~1.3x total assets). China Animal Husbandry Group, who is directly linked to China State Farms (ATM's main China distributor), will retain a 25% holding in MVM.
- What is ATM buying: MVM owns a new, high spec, processing facility in Gore, New Zealand. The plant commenced production in November 2018, cost ~NZ\$258m, and is designed for manufacturing nutritional grade milk powders with a 30,000MT capacity. MVM reported an EBIT loss of -NZ\$36m (FY19) given low plant utilisation and a skew towards commodity ingredients.
- Additional investment likely: Including a blending & canning facility and the potential need to move the plant away from coal. We estimate this could cost an additional c. NZ\$100m.
- Timing: The transaction is subject to further due diligence, among other things, albeit expected to settle towards the end of FY21.
- Funding: Solely cash reserves. The transaction, and likely additional investment, will only utilise c. 30% of ATM's FY21E cash.

What do we think — ticks a number of boxes strategically; may take time to deliver reasonable returns

Strategically the acquisition ticks a number of boxes, particularly taking a long-term view. Namely (1) manufacturing diversification, (2) high quality facility in a strong farming area, (3) vertical integration; risk mitigation in case of any shift in Chinese regulation, (4) strengthening its relationship with China State Farms. However, it will take time (and some investment) for MVM to be capable of producing finished infant formula (IF) for ATM, including herd conversion for an a2 milk pool and adding a blending & canning line. For China label product it also requires China factory registration (GACC) and China brand registration (SAMR).

There is a lot we don't know, particularly on production plans and thereby earnings profile. At this stage we leave our forecasts unchanged. We assume ATM would look to move some volumes to the facility initially (some share of whole milk powder, skim milk $powder, Smart\ Nutrition\ and/or\ Stage\ 4).\ However, to\ generate\ an\ adequate\ return\ is\ reliant\ on\ MVM\ being\ able\ to\ supply\ IF\ -\ with\ a$ circa five year time horizon seemingly more realistic.

The a2 Milk Company (ATM)

| Priced as at 21 Aug 2020 (NZ\$) | | | | | 20.27 | | | | | | |
|--|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------------------------------|--------|------------|--------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 12-month target price (NZ\$)* | | | | | 25.00 | Spot valuations (NZ\$) | | | | | |
| Expected share price return | | | | | 23.3% | 1. DCF | | | | | 25.02 |
| Net dividend yield | | | | | 0.0% | 2. Peer multiple | | | | | 22.60 |
| Estimated 12-month return | | | | | 23.3% | n/a | | | | | n/a |
| Estimated 12-month return | | | | | 23.3% | n/a | | | | | п/а |
| Key WACC assumptions | | | | | | DCF valuation summary (NZ\$m) | | | | | |
| Risk free rate | | | | | 1.30% | Total firm value | | | | | 17,593 |
| Equity beta | | | | | 0.90 | (Net debt)/cash | | | | | 854 |
| WACC | | | | | 6.4% | Less: Capitalised operating leases | | | | | (17) |
| Terminal growth | | | | | 1.5% | Value of equity | | | | | 18,430 |
| Profit and Loss Account (NZ\$m) | 2019A | 2020A | 2021E | 2022E | 2023E | Valuation Ratios | 2019A | 2020A | 2021E | 2022E | 2023E |
| Sales revenue | 1,300.8 | 1,731.1 | 2,078.1 | 2,478.8 | 2,790.3 | EV/EBITDA (x) | 34.5 | 25.5 | 21.0 | 17.6 | 15.6 |
| Normalised EBITDA | 413.6 | 549.7 | 650.2 | 765.6 | 864.2 | EV/EBIT (x) | 34.7 | 25.7 | 21.2 | 17.8 | 15.8 |
| Depreciation and amortisation | (2.2) | (4.4) | (7.3) | (9.7) | (10.0) | PE (x) | 52.3 | 38.9 | 32.9 | 27.9 | 24.6 |
| Normalised EBIT | 411.4 | 545.3 | 642.9 | 755.9 | 854.2 | Price/NTA (x) | 19.2 | 13.3 | 9.6 | 7.1 | 5.7 |
| Net interest | 4.3 | 5.7 | 8.5 | 12.4 | 17.0 | Free cash flow yield (%) | 1.9 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 3.6 | 4.1 |
| Associate income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Net dividend yield (%) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.2 |
| Tax | (128.0) | (165.2) | (195.3) | (230.4) | (261.2) | Gross dividend yield (%) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.7 |
| Minority interests | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | , | | | | | / |
| Normalised NPAT | 287.7 | 385.8 | 456.1 | 537.9 | 609.9 | Capital Structure | 2019A | 2020A | 2021E | 2022E | 2023E |
| Abnormals/other | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Interest cover EBIT (x) | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Reported NPAT | 287.7 | 385.8 | 456.1 | 537.9 | 609.9 | Interest cover EBITDA (x) | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Normalised EPS (cps) | 38.8 | 52.1 | 61.6 | 72.7 | 82.4 | Net debt/ND+E (%) | -143.9 | -305.2 | -328.1 | -464.0 | -600.3 |
| DPS (cps) | 0 | 0 | 01.0 | 0 | 24.7 | | | | | | |
| DF3 (срs) | U | U | U | U | 24.7 | Net debt/EBITDA (x) | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Growth Rates | 2019A | 2020A | 2021E | 2022E | 2023E | Key Ratios | 2019A | 2020A | 2021E | 2022E | 2023E |
| Revenue (%) | 41.0 | 33.1 | 20.0 | 19.3 | 12.6 | Return on assets (%) | 40.9 | 37.5 | 33.6 | 30.1 | 27.6 |
| EBITDA (%) | 46.1 | 32.9 | 18.3 | 17.8 | 12.9 | Return on equity (%) | 36.5 | 34.0 | 28.7 | 25.3 | 22.9 |
| EBIT (%) | 46.5 | 32.5 | 17.9 | 17.6 | 13.0 | Return on funds employed (%) | 106.3 | 127.2 | 139.0 | 142.3 | 159.2 |
| Normalised NPAT (%) | 47.0 | 34.1 | 18.2 | 17.9 | 13.4 | EBITDA margin (%) | 31.8 | 31.8 | 31.3 | 30.9 | 31.0 |
| Normalised EPS (%) | 47.4 | 34.4 | 18.2 | 17.9 | 13.4 | EBIT margin (%) | 31.6 | 31.5 | 30.9 | 30.5 | 30.6 |
| Ordinary DPS (%) | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | Capex to sales (%) | 0.3 | 0.4 | 1.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| | | | | | | Capex to depreciation (%) | 155 | 164 | 397 | 103 | 100 |
| Cash Flow (NZ\$m) | 2019A | 2020A | 2021E | 2022E | 2023E | Imputation (%) | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| EBITDA | 413.6 | 549.7 | 650.2 | 765.6 | 864.2 | Pay-out ratio (%) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 30 |
| Working capital change | (6.5) | 33.6 | (47.1) | (3.7) | (1.3) | | | | | | |
| Interest & tax paid | (129.6) | (192.2) | (186.8) | (218.0) | (244.3) | Operating Performance | 2019A | 2020A | 2021E | 2022E | 2023E |
| Other | 11.6 | 35.9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Revenue (breakdown by product) | | | | | |
| Operating cash flow | 289.1 | 427.0 | 416.3 | 543.9 | 618.6 | Total Infant Formula | 1,064 | 1,424 | 1,742 | 2,081 | 2,343 |
| Capital expenditure | (3.4) | (7.2) | (29.0) | (10.0) | (10.0) | Total Fresh Milk | 171 | 222 | 235 | 277 | 313 |
| (Acquisitions)/divestments | (162.3) | (21.9) | (21.0) | 0 | 0 | Other | 66 | 85 | 101 | 120 | 134 |
| Other | 0 | (3.6) | (3.5) | (3.7) | (3.8) | Total | 1,301 | 1,731 | 2,078 | 2,478 | 2,790 |
| Funding available/(required) | 123.4 | 394.3 | 362.7 | 530.2 | 604.8 | iotai | 1,501 | 1,731 | 2,070 | 2,470 | 2,770 |
| Dividends paid | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (72.8) | Revenue (breakdown by country) | | | | | |
| Equity raised/(returned) | 2.9 | 2.4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Australia & NZ | 843 | 965 | 1,036 | 1,096 | 1,134 |
| (Increase)/decrease in net debt | 126.3 | 396.8 | 362.7 | 530.2 | 532.0 | China & Other Asia | 423 | 699 | 975 | 1,282 | 1,522 |
| (mercuse)/ deer cuse in her dest | 120.0 | 070.0 | 002.7 | 300.2 | 302.0 | US | 35 | | 67 | 101 | 134 |
| Balance Sheet (NZ\$m) | 2019A | 2020A | 2021E | 2022E | 2023E | | | 66 | | | |
| | | | | | | Other Total | 1 201 | 0 1 721 | 2.079 | 0 2,478 | 0 2,790 |
| Working capital | 50.6 | (7.6) | 42.8 | 50.4 | 54.6 | Iotai | 1,301 | 1,731 | 2,078 | 2,470 | 2,790 |
| Fixed assets | 10.3 | 14.2 | 37.4 | 40.1 | 42.7 | ERITDA incights | | | | | |
| Intangibles | 13.0 | 13.6 | 35.5 | 35.3 | 35.1 | EBITDA insights | | F / | | | F/ |
| Right of use asset | 0 | 16.1 | 16.3 | 16.4 | 16.6 | Gross margin | 55 | 56 | 57 | 57 | 56 |
| Other assets | 294.5 | 280.8 | 280.8 | 280.8 | 280.8 | Gross profit | 713 | 969 | 1,176 | 1,401 | 1,570 |
| Total funds employed | 368.4 | 317.2 | 412.7 | 423.0 | 429.7 | Total SG&A expenses | (300) | (419) | (526) | (635) | (706) |
| Net debt/(cash) | (464.8) | (854.2) | (1,218.7) | (1,750.7) | (2,284.6) | incl marketing expenses | (134) | (194) | (235) | (285) | (321) |
| Lease liability | 0 | 16.8 | 17.5 | 18.1 | 18.7 | Total SG&A as % of revenue | 23.0 | 24.2 | 25.3 | 25.6 | 25.3 |
| Other liabilities | 45.4 | 20.5 | 23.8 | 27.5 | 30.5 | Group EBITDA | 414 | 550 | 650 | 766 | 864 |
| Shareholder's funds | 787.9 | 1,134.1 | 1,590.1 | 2,128.0 | 2,665.1 | US - EBITDA losses | (44) | (51) | (42) | (35) | (28) |
| Minority interests | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | EBITDA excluding US losses | 458 | 600 | 692 | 800 | 892 |
| * Forguth Park target prices reflect v | 368.4 | 317.2 | 412.7 | 423.0 | 429.7 | | | | | | |

 $^{^{\}ast}$ For syth Barr target prices reflect valuation rolled forward at cost of equity less the next 12-months dividend

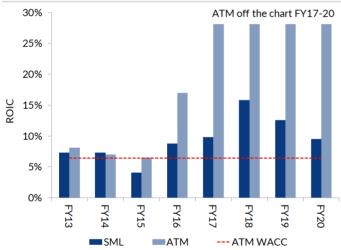
Charts of interest

Figure 1. Net cash position will still be large



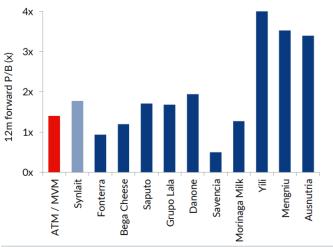
Source: Forsyth Barr analysis, ATM Company reports

Figure 3. ROIC - ATM versus SML



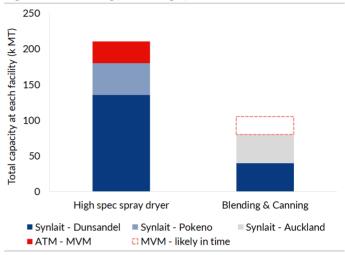
Source: Forsyth Barr analysis, Company reports

Figure 5. Price to book multiples for dairy peers



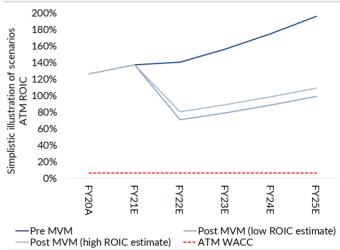
Source: Forsyth Barr analysis, Bloomberg

Figure 2. Broadening processing options



Source: Forsyth Barr analysis, Company disclosures. NB excludes Fonterra and other small processors (e.g. Essence Group) given limited insight

Figure 4. Some ROIC dilution likely; however still above WACC



Source: Forsyth Barr analysis and estimates

Figure 6. What volumes could be shifted to MVM?

| Category | Product(s) | Potential to move volume to MVM* | Details |
|----------------------|---|----------------------------------|--|
| Infant Formula | a2 Platinum Stage 1-3 | No | SML has exclusivity and China label registration (SAMR and GACC) |
| Infant Formula | New product, "a2 xxx" | Yes | ATM isn't prevented from a new IF launch under SML contract |
| Kids formula | a2 Platinum Stage 4; a2 Smart Nutrition | Yes | |
| Pregnancy formula | a2 Nutrition for mothers | Yes | |
| Milk powder | a2 Milk full cream and skim milk powder | Yes | |
| Other | New product | Yes | |

Source: Forsyth Barr *Currently. This is our understanding, acknowledging detail is limited

Investment Summary

The a2 Milk Company (ATM) has seen unprecedented success to date, primarily underpinned by infant formula (IF) in China, leveraging a strong market position in Australia. This market alone offers meaningful runway for growth as ATM broadens its routes to market. OUTPERFORM.

Business quality

- Building a brand: ATM has created a product in demand with little capital investment and highly attractive profit margins. Its success to date has been primarily driven by IF in China, leveraging a strong position in fresh milk in Australia. Considerable runway remains in existing markets while a key long-term opportunity is evolving to a global dairy nutrition company.
- **IP portfolio:** Details are opaque and vary by market. ATM's IP makes it difficult for competing a2 products, particularly on how to market the product and its benefits.

Earnings and cashflow outlook

- Infant formula (IF): ATM has established a meaningful market share in China, the largest IF market globally, and is well placed to build on this. Routes to market are complex but to date ATM has executed impressively to support strong growth and adapt to regulatory change. This will remain an area to watch.
- Liquid milk: ATM has a strong market share in Australia and is expanding into the US. Expansion has been slower and costlier than expected but distribution/revenue and momentum is building in the US.
- Other products and markets: This is a key area of optionality leveraging ATM's brand.

Financial structure

• **Growing net cash position:** ATM's cash balance continues to build, offering options. Growth remains the priority. The planned investment in milk processor, Mataura Valley Milk, will likely utilise c. 30% of ATM's FY21E net cash position.

Risk factors

- Competitive behaviour: Any discounting or channel stuffing could disrupt the market. Direct competition is also emerging in the a2/a1-free market.
- Food safety/quality scare: ATM's brand and reputation are key pillars to its model. Reliance on third party suppliers adds complexity and risk
- New CEO to start in early 2021: David Bortolussi appears a reasonable hire at face value, albeit we look for greater insight in duecourse, particularly around cultural fit. We are not expecting any material change in strategic priorities.
- Regulatory change: Particularly in China.

Figure 7. Revenue breakdown by product and market

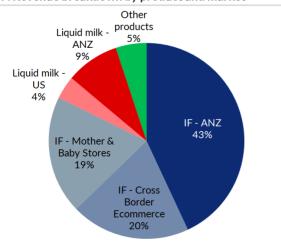


Figure 8. Revenue by product through time

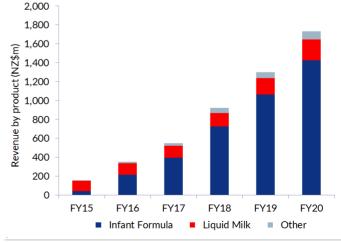


Figure 9. Price performance



Source: Forsyth Barr analysis

Figure 10. Substantial shareholders

| Shareholder | Latest Holding |
|---------------------------------|----------------|
| The Vanguard Group | 7.0% |
| Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group | 6.4% |
| Commonwealth Bank of Australia | 6.3% |
| BlackRock Investment Management | 5.2% |

Source: NZX, Forsyth Barr analysis, NOTE: based on SPH notices only

Figure 11. International valuation comparisons

| Company | Code | Price | Mkt Cap | Р | E | EV/EE | EV/EBITDA | | EV/EBIT | |
|---|---------------|-----------|-----------------|-------|-------|-------|-----------|-------|---------|------|
| (metrics re-weighted to reflect ATM's b | (m) | 2021E | 2022E | 2021E | 2022E | 2021E | 2022E | 2022E | | |
| The a2 Milk Company | ATM NZ | NZ\$20.27 | NZ\$14,928 | 32.9x | 27.9x | 21.6x | 18.4x | 21.9x | 18.6x | 0.0% |
| CHINA FEIHE | 6186 HK | CN¥16.26 | CN¥145,256 | 24.2x | 19.2x | 16.8x | 13.4x | 17.3x | 13.9x | 1.9% |
| SYNLAIT MILK * | SML NZ | NZ\$6.79 | NZ\$1,217 | 13.2x | 11.2x | 7.6x | 6.8x | 9.8x | 8.8x | 0.0% |
| BLACKMORES | BKL AT | A\$75.04 | A\$1,452 | >50x | 39.2x | 30.5x | 20.4x | 48.0x | 28.2x | 1.8% |
| HEALTH AND HAPPINESS H&H INT | 1112 HK | CN¥31.55 | CN¥20,324 | 16.0x | 13.7x | 9.5x | 8.5x | 10.4x | 9.3x | 3.8% |
| RECKITT BENCKISER GROUP PLC | RB/LN | £76.36 | £54,310 | 24.1x | 23.2x | 17.6x | 17.1x | 20.1x | 19.6x | 2.3% |
| AUSNUTRIA DAIRY CORP | 1717 HK | CN¥13.68 | CN¥22,099 | 16.8x | 13.4x | 11.2x | 9.0x | 12.1x | 9.7x | 2.6% |
| INNER MONGOLIA YILI INDUS-A | 600887 CH | CN¥34.99 | CN¥212,852 | 30.8x | 24.8x | 19.8x | 16.2x | 25.9x | 21.0x | 2.6% |
| DANONE | BN FP | €56.70 | €38,932 | 16.0x | 14.9x | 11.2x | 10.6x | 14.4x | 13.6x | 3.9% |
| CHINA MENGNIU DAIRY CO | 2319 HK | CN¥35.55 | CN¥140,258 | 35.0x | 25.7x | 21.0x | 16.4x | 31.5x | 22.3x | 0.9% |
| | | • | Compco Average: | 22.0x | 20.6x | 16.1x | 13.2x | 21.1x | 16.3x | 2.2% |
| EV = Current Market Cap + Actual Net I | ATM Relative: | 50% | 35% | 34% | 40% | 4% | 14% | -100% | | |

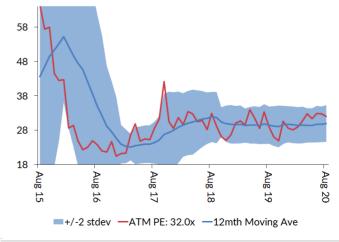
Source: *Forsyth Barr analysis, Bloomberg Consensus, Compco metrics re-weighted to reflect headline (ATM) companies fiscal year end

Figure 12. Consensus EPS momentum (NZ\$)



Source: Forsyth Barr analysis

Figure 13. One year forward PE (x)



Source: Forsyth Barr analysis

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