

Skellerup Holdings

Delivering Through Disruption

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OUTPERFORM

Skellerup (SKL) has issued FY20 guidance ahead of our expectations, highlighting its agility to adjust to new operating conditions and the resilient nature of demand for a number of product lines. SKL's Agri business has been a highlight and although the Industrial division experienced a slow down, demand in recent months has rebounded stronger and faster than we would have expected. We lift our earnings forecasts in line with company guidance and increase our target price +NZ \$0.05 to NZ\$2.45. We reiterate our OUTPERFORM rating.

NZX Code	SKL	Financials: Jun/	19A	20E	21E	22E	Valuation (x)	19A	20E	21E	22E
Share price	NZ\$2.20	NPAT* (NZ\$m)	29.1	28.2	28.2	29.1	EV/EBITDA	9.4	8.9	8.8	8.6
Target price	NZ\$2.45	EPS* (NZc)	14.9	14.5	14.5	14.9	EV/EBIT	11.1	11.2	11.0	10.7
Risk rating	Medium	EPS growth* (%)	5.5	-2.9	-0.2	3.2	PE	14.7	15.2	15.2	14.7
Issued shares	194.8m	DPS (NZc)	13.0	13.0	13.5	14.0	Price / NTA	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.1
Market cap	NZ\$428m	Imputation (%)	50	50	50	50	Cash div yld (%)	5.9	5.9	6.1	6.4
Avg daily turnover	146.1k (NZ\$318k)	*Based on normalised profits					Gross div yld (%)	7.1	7.1	7.3	7.6

Guidance update — Demand strong and recovery faster than expected

SKL has issued FY20 guidance of "NPAT in excess of NZ\$28m", +7.5% ahead of our prior forecasts, with the impact on demand and from operating restrictions being lower than expected to date.

- **Agri** — SKL's Agri business is illustrating its resilience to the current economic disruption with demand for its products remaining strong. SKL's factories are considered essential and have therefore been able to operate through various lockdown policies, albeit with capacity constraints. Operational learnings have lifted productivity, and SKL is now operating at 90% of maximum capacity at its key Wigram factory.
- **Industrial** — The earnings profile in the Industrial division is more diverse, with the impact to date varied. Lockdown policies across markets and the slump in the oil and gas industry weighed on activity; however, SKL experienced strong demand for certain products and a faster than expected recovery in overall demand.

Outlook remains uncertain, however...

A high degree of uncertainty around COVID-19 and the ensuing economic fallout remains, with the key question being the impact to end customer demand.

... earnings exposure more resilient than it has been in the past

SKL's earnings exposure is more resilient to an uncertain economic environment than it has been in the past, in our view. Growth in the Industrial division has been driven by OEM (original equipment manufacturer) customers, whilst decreasing its business exposure to markets driven by commodity prices. SKL's operating model has improved, embedding itself into the OEM production process, supplying often critical products. We expect this to translate to a stickier customer relationship and more robust earnings streams. In its Agri division the bulk of its revenue is derived from the sale of quasi-consumable milking products such as liners and tubes, and as a result earnings tend to be more defensive. Although on farm capital spend remains a driver of sector earnings, we believe capital goods as a portion of total sales is lower than prior cycles, with less dairy conversion occurring.

Skellerup Holdings (SKL)

Priced as at 25 Jun 2020 (NZ\$)

2.20

12-month target price (NZ\$)*

2.45

Expected share price return	11.4%
Net dividend yield	6.1%
Estimated 12-month return	17.5%

Spot valuations (NZ\$)

1. DCF	2.26
2. Relative valuation	2.40
3. n/a	n/a

Key WACC assumptions

Risk free rate	2.00%
Equity beta	1.10
WACC	8.7%
Terminal growth	1.5%

DCF valuation summary (NZ\$m)

Total firm value	440
(Net debt)/cash	(37)
Less: Capitalised operating leases	(61)
Value of equity	343

Profit and Loss Account (NZ\$m)	2018A	2019A	2020E	2021E	2022E	Valuation Ratios	2018A	2019A	2020E	2021E	2022E
Sales revenue	240.4	245.8	247.8	252.7	261.8	EV/EBITDA (x)	9.8	9.4	8.9	8.8	8.6
Normalised EBITDA	47.2	48.9	51.9	52.2	53.4	EV/EBIT (x)	11.6	11.1	11.2	11.0	10.7
Depreciation and amortisation	(7.5)	(7.1)	(10.7)	(10.6)	(10.6)	PE (x)	15.6	14.7	15.2	15.2	14.7
Normalised EBIT	39.8	41.8	41.2	41.6	42.8	Price/NTA (x)	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.1
Net interest	(1.9)	(1.8)	(2.0)	(1.9)	(1.8)	Free cash flow yield (%)	5.3	5.7	8.6	7.8	7.4
Associate income	0	0.0	0	0	0	Net dividend yield (%)	5.0	5.9	5.9	6.1	6.4
Tax	(10.6)	(11.0)	(11.0)	(11.5)	(11.9)	Gross dividend yield (%)	6.7	7.1	7.1	7.3	7.6
Minority interests	0	0	0	0	0						
Normalised NPAT	27.3	29.1	28.2	28.2	29.1	Capital Structure	2018A	2019A	2020E	2021E	2022E
Abnormals/other	0	0	0	0	0	Interest cover EBIT (x)	21.4	23.4	20.4	22.4	23.3
Reported NPAT	27.3	29.1	28.2	28.2	29.1	Interest cover EBITDA (x)	25.4	27.4	25.7	28.1	29.0
Normalised EPS (cps)	14.1	14.9	14.5	14.5	14.9	Net debt/ND+E (%)	15.1	17.0	13.6	11.6	11.2
DPS (cps)	11.0	13.0	13.0	13.5	14.0	Net debt/EBITDA (x)	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.4
Growth Rates	2018A	2019A	2020E	2021E	2022E	Key Ratios	2018A	2019A	2020E	2021E	2022E
Revenue (%)	14.3	2.2	0.8	2.0	3.6	Return on assets (%)	15.8	16.3	15.0	15.1	15.4
EBITDA (%)	16.2	3.6	6.0	0.6	2.3	Return on equity (%)	15.8	16.3	15.6	15.3	15.6
EBIT (%)	21.1	5.1	-1.4	0.9	3.0	Return on funds employed (%)	14.4	14.5	14.0	14.1	14.6
Normalised NPAT (%)	23.2	6.5	-2.9	-0.2	3.2	EBITDA margin (%)	19.6	19.9	20.9	20.6	20.4
Normalised EPS (%)	23.2	5.5	-2.9	-0.2	3.2	EBIT margin (%)	16.5	17.0	16.6	16.4	16.4
Ordinary DPS (%)	15.8	18.2	0.0	3.8	3.7	Capex to sales (%)	2.3	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0
						Capex to depreciation (%)	73	64	47	48	49
						Imputation (%)	86	50	50	50	50
						Pay-out ratio (%)	78	87	90	93	94
Cash Flow (NZ\$m)	2018A	2019A	2020E	2021E	2022E	Operating Performance	2018A	2019A	2020E	2021E	2022E
EBITDA	47.2	48.9	51.9	52.2	53.4	Revenue by segment					
Working capital change	(3.8)	(8.5)	3.2	(0.4)	(2.6)	Agri	89.0	88.8	92.3	94.1	96.0
Interest & tax paid	(15.1)	(11.5)	(13.0)	(13.4)	(13.7)	Industrial	151.5	157.2	155.6	158.7	165.9
Other	0	0	0	0	0	Total revenue (incl. eliminations)	240.4	245.8	247.8	252.7	261.8
Operating cash flow	28.3	28.9	42.0	38.4	37.0						
Capital expenditure	(5.4)	(4.6)	(5.0)	(5.1)	(5.2)	EBIT by segment					
(Acquisitions)/divestments	0.9	(8.2)	0	0	0	Agri	22.8	22.8	23.5	23.5	23.5
Other	0	0	(3.6)	(3.7)	(3.8)	Industrial	20.8	22.9	21.4	21.8	23.2
Funding available/(required)	23.8	16.2	33.5	29.6	28.0	Total EBIT (incl. overheads)	39.8	41.8	41.2	41.6	42.8
Dividends paid	(19.3)	(24.3)	(25.3)	(25.3)	(27.3)						
Equity raised/(returned)	0	2.4	0	0	0	EBIT margin by segment					
(Increase)/decrease in net debt	4.5	(5.7)	8.1	4.3	0.8	Agri (%)	25.6	25.7	25.5	25.0	24.5
						Industrial (%)	13.7	14.6	13.8	13.8	14.0
						Total (%)	16.5	17.0	16.6	16.4	16.4
Balance Sheet (NZ\$m)	2018A	2019A	2020E	2021E	2022E						
Working capital	67.9	76.1	72.9	73.4	76.0						
Fixed assets	93.4	91.3	89.4	87.7	86.3						
Intangibles	46.0	49.5	49.5	49.5	49.5						
Right of use asset	0	0	19.0	19.5	20.0						
Other assets	6.4	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.6						
Total funds employed	213.6	224.4	238.4	237.6	239.3						
Net debt/(cash)	30.7	36.6	28.4	24.2	23.4						
Lease liability	0	0	16.2	16.9	17.5						
Other liabilities	10.6	9.5	12.4	12.4	12.4						
Shareholder's funds	172.3	178.4	181.3	184.2	186.0						
Minority interests	0	0	0	0	0						
Total funding sources	213.6	224.4	238.4	237.6	239.3						

Earnings changes and valuation

We have lifted our FY20E NPAT forecast +7.5% to NZ\$28.2m, in line with updated guidance of "NPAT in excess of NZ\$28m". The key drivers of our forecast changes are 1) stronger Agri sales, 2) a faster than expected rebound in Industrial demand, and 3) a lift to our near-term Industrial margin assumption. Our medium-term earnings assumptions lift on higher Agri revenue assumptions. Although demand through the past six months has been stronger than we expected, we maintain a level of caution over the near-term with our FY21E and FY22E forecasts remaining ~5% below our pre COVID-19 levels.

Figure 1. Earnings changes (NZ\$m)

	old	FY20E new	% chg	old	FY21E new	% chg	old	FY22E new	% chg
Revenue	242.6	247.8	2.1%	249.0	252.7	1.5%	258.0	261.8	1.5%
EBIT	39.0	41.2	5.6%	40.3	41.6	3.1%	42.0	42.8	2.0%
Normalised NPAT	26.2	28.2	7.5%	27.3	28.2	3.3%	28.5	29.1	2.2%
EPS (cps)	13.5	14.5	7.5%	14.0	14.5	3.3%	14.6	14.9	2.2%
DPS (cps)	13.0	13.0	-	13.0	13.5	3.8%	13.5	14.0	3.7%

Source: Forsyth Barr analysis

Increase target price and reiterate OUTPERFORM

We lift our target price +NZ\$0.05 to NZ\$2.45, reflecting earnings changes. We reiterate our OUTPERFORM rating.

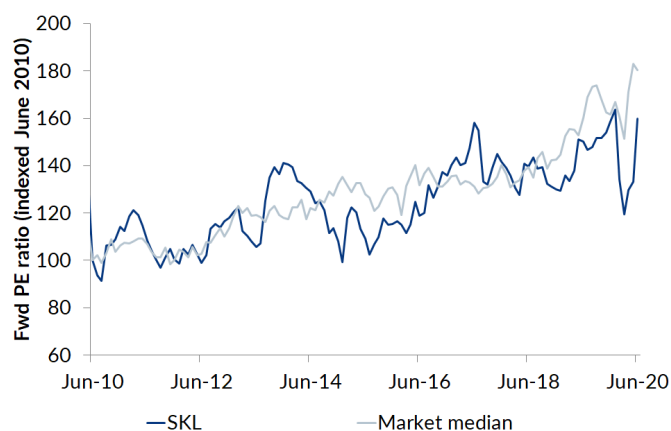
SKL is trading at a discount to the market (15x 12 month forward PE) and offers investors an attractive dividend yield backed by a strong balance sheet. Although we face a more uncertain economic outlook, we view improvements to SKL's operating model over recent years, targeting OEM (original equipment manufacturer) led growth, as making its earnings base more resilient than it has been in the past.

Attractive dividend

We lift our dividend forecasts on the back of earnings changes. SKL offers a 6.1% cash dividend yield. SKL's dividend yield premium relative to investment grade yield and defensive yield stocks has expanded over the last 12 months. Balance sheet headroom (net debt/EBITDA 1.2x), limited capex requirements (capex 2.0% of sales), and a solid, free cash flow yield provide some support against a short term downturn or timing issues with new business. Whilst earnings risk exists, we note that SKL's earnings exposure is more resilient to a recessionary environment than it has been in the past, and view growth avenues as improving industry exposure.

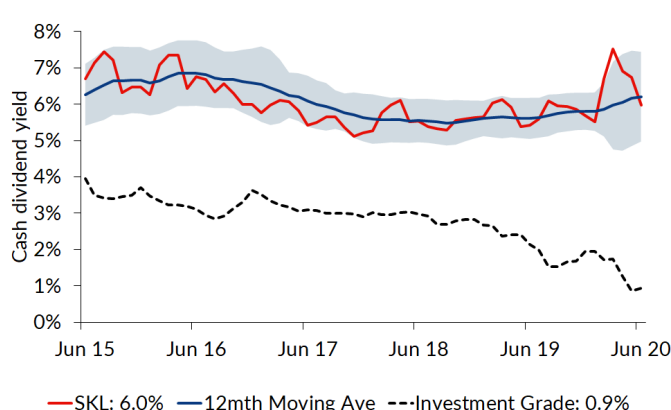
Key charts

Figure 2. SKL fwd PE ratio versus the market



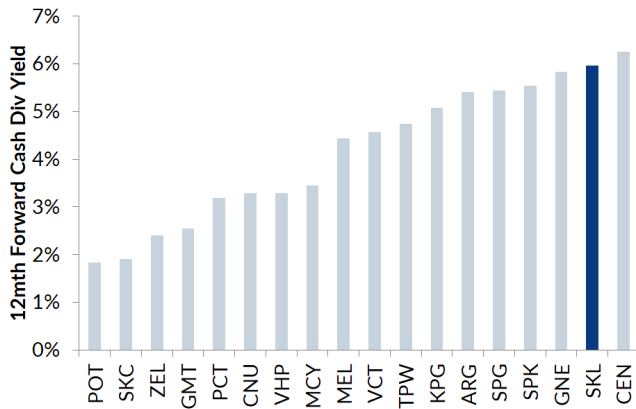
Source: Bloomberg, Forsyth Barr analysis

Figure 3. SKL cash yield vs investment grade yield



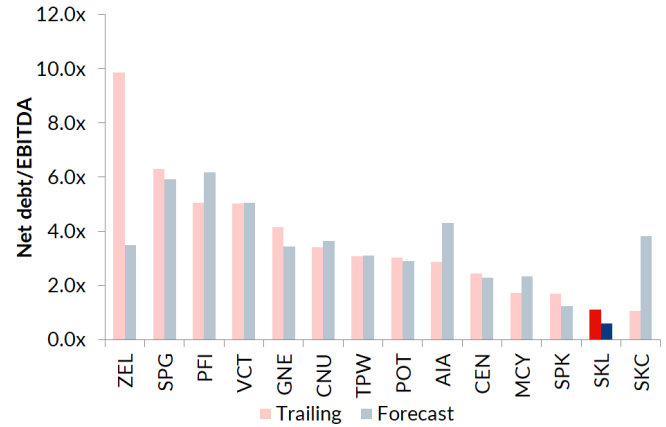
Source: Bloomberg, Forsyth Barr analysis

Figure 4. 12-month forward cash dividend yield (FB)



Source: Bloomberg, Forsyth Barr analysis

Figure 5. Net debt/EBITDA (consensus)



Source: Bloomberg, Forsyth Barr analysis

Investment Summary

Skellerup Holdings (SKL) contains a globally diversified range of businesses that manufacture highly technical products for the Agricultural and Industrial sectors. Growth is linked to long-run demand for key commodities (mainly dairy, iron ore, and oil/gas), civil construction, and utility spending. SKL's Agri division operates in a number of mature markets, with growth expected to come from market share gains offshore, namely the US. SKL's Industrial division is generating robust growth through OEM (original equipment manufacturer) business wins. We continue to rate management highly and like its longer-term growth prospects. A new customer or contract would likely result in a meaningful lift in earnings. **OUTPERFORM.**

Business quality

- **OEM lock in:** SKL often supplies small but essential products. OEMs have sizeable sales orders; additional OEM customers materially increase sales and offer a more stable earnings flow.

Earnings and cashflow outlook

- **Global dairy volumes:** Best practice is for SKL's consumable rubber products to be replaced periodically by farmers. Replacement is based on the number of milkings.
- **Construction and water utility spending:** Sales in Gulf Rubber, the largest Industrial business unit, will be driven by increased construction and utility spending.
- **Regulatory changes:** Health and food safety concerns in some jurisdictions have resulted in regulated raw materials used in rubber manufacture. Increased health and food safety standards should benefit SKL given its strong reputation and chemist expertise.
- **EBIT margins:** SKL has been improving its EBIT margins, highlighting operating leverage with respect to fixed costs. Improving the Industrial division margins represents an opportunity.

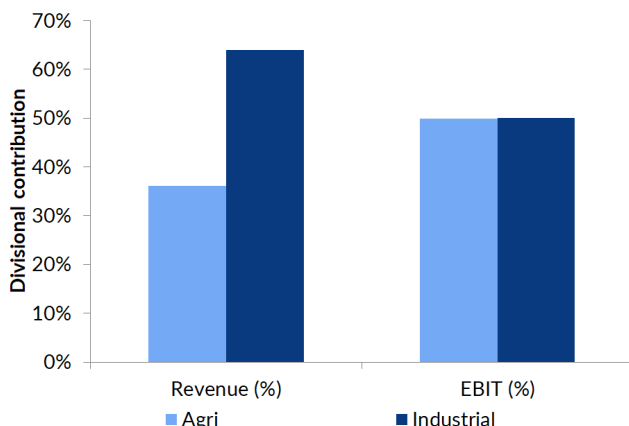
Financial structure

- **Balance sheet:** SKL has balance sheet headroom (17% geared) to pursue possible bolt-on acquisitions.

Risk factors

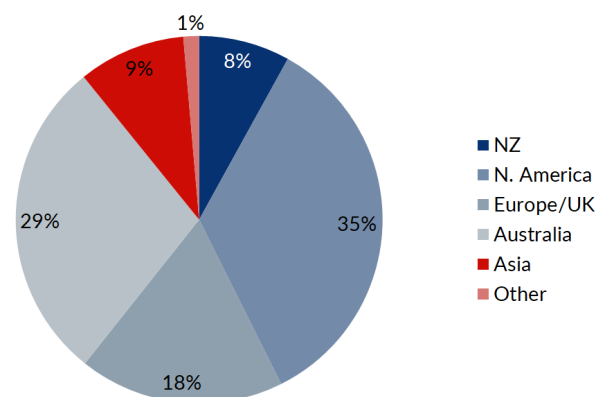
- **Commodity exposure:** Although SKL has been actively working to reduce commodity exposure, a reasonable portion of SKL's sales are tied to commodity markets. Swings in the price of commodities such as milk, iron ore, and oil & gas, can have an impact on product sales.
- **Trade risk:** SKL products are produced across the world (New Zealand, China, Vietnam, and Italy). SKL relies on efficient trade routes when pricing for contracts.

Figure 6. revenue and EBIT by division (FY19)

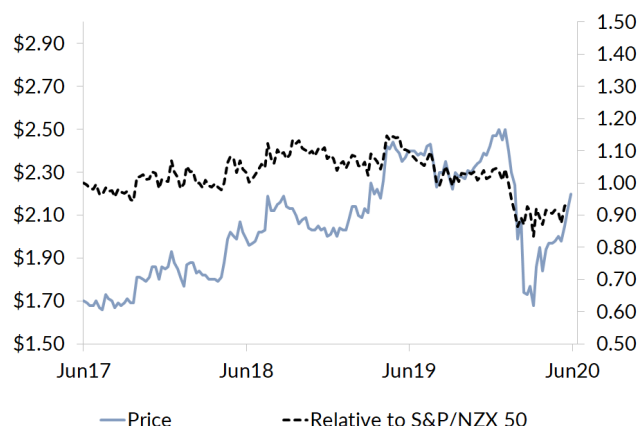


Source: Company reports, Forsyth Barr analysis

Figure 7. SKL revenue by geography (FY19)



Source: Company reports, Forsyth Barr analysis

Figure 8. Price performance


Source: Forsyth Barr analysis

Figure 9. Substantial shareholders

Shareholder	Latest Holding
Sir Selwyn John Cushing	6.5%
ACC	5.0%

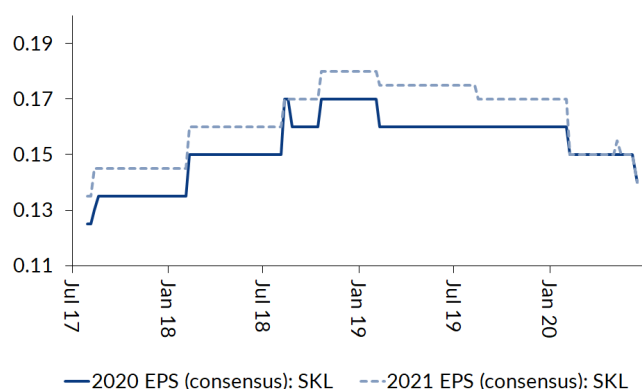
Source: NZX, Forsyth Barr analysis, NOTE: based on SSH notices only

Figure 10. International valuation comparisons

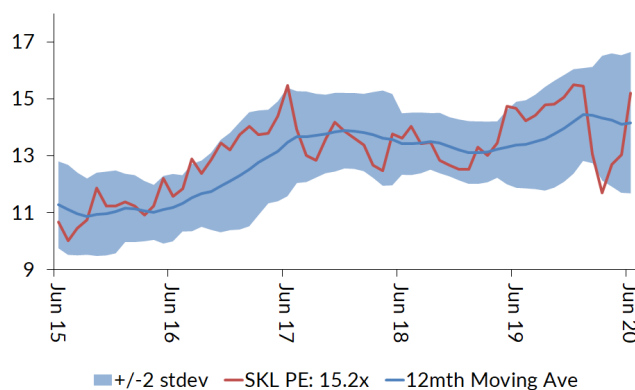
Company	Code	Price	Mkt Cap	PE		EV/EBITDA		EV/EBIT		Cash Yld
(metrics re-weighted to reflect SKL's balance date - June)										
			(m)	2020E	2021E	2020E	2021E	2020E	2021E	2021E
Skellerup Holdings	SKL NZ	NZ\$2.20	NZ\$428	15.2x	15.2x	9.0x	8.9x	11.3x	11.2x	6.1%
AVON RUBBER PLC	AVON LN	£30.10	£934	39.2x	25.4x	24.3x	16.9x	36.3x	20.6x	1.1%
TRELLEBORG AB-B SHS	TRELB SS	kr128.70	kr34,887	<0x	12.7x	13.3x	8.7x	33.8x	13.3x	3.6%
PGG WRIGHTSON *	PGW NZ	NZ\$2.71	NZ\$205	14.3x	11.8x	<0x	<0x	<0x	<0x	6.6%
NUTRIEN	NTR CN	US\$46.11	US\$26,276	27.0x	23.7x	10.4x	9.8x	20.8x	19.1x	3.9%
METRO PERFORMANCE GLASS	MPG NZ	NZ\$0.19	NZ\$35	2.0x	13.0x	4.0x	5.3x	8.6x	14.9x	0.0%
STEEL & TUBE HOLDINGS *	STU NZ	NZ\$0.64	NZ\$106	24.5x	9.3x	3.5x	2.9x	8.6x	5.7x	9.4%
Compco Average:				21.4x	16.0x	11.1x	8.7x	21.6x	14.7x	4.1%
SKL Relative:				-29%	-5%	-19%	2%	-48%	-24%	50%
EV = Current Market Cap + Actual Net Debt										

EV = Current Market Cap + Actual Net Debt

Source: *Forsyth Barr analysis, Bloomberg Consensus, Compco metrics re-weighted to reflect headline (SKL) companies fiscal year end

Figure 11. Consensus EPS momentum (NZ\$)


Source: Forsyth Barr analysis

Figure 12. One year forward PE (x)


Source: Forsyth Barr analysis

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OUTPERFORM	NEUTRAL	UNDERPERFORM
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