NEW ZEALAND EQUITY RESEARCH | RETAIL | GENERAL MERCHANDISE RETAILER

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The Warehouse Group Noel Leading Strong Trading

GUY HOOPER

guy.hooper@forsythbarr.co.nz +64 4 495 5255

RESEARCH INSIGHTS

The Warehouse Group (WHS) released a strong trading update, albeit not overly surprising given recent retail sales data trends. Year to date, group sales are effectively flat on the prior year period, however, growth has been led by lower margin divisions, Noel Leeming and Torpedo7. In addition, online penetration has accelerated, with additional fulfilment costs also impacting margin. Whilst consumer activity has surprised to the positive to date, we retain a cautious view of the near term outlook.

| NZX Code | WHS | Financials: Jul/ | 19A | 20E | 21E | 22E | Valuation (x) | 19A | 20E | 21E | 22E |
|--------------------|------------------|------------------------------|------|------|-------|-------------------|------------------|-----|-----|------|------|
| Share price | NZ\$2.11 | NPAT* (NZ\$m) | 74.1 | 74.0 | 34.9 | 64.7 | EV/EBITDA | 4.9 | 4.7 | 6.7 | 4.7 |
| Issued shares | 345.2m | EPS* (NZc) | 21.5 | 21.4 | 10.1 | 18.8 | EV/EBIT | 7.6 | 7.1 | 13.9 | 7.8 |
| Market cap | NZ\$728m | EPS growth* (%) | 25.6 | -0.2 | -52.8 | 85.6 | PE | 9.8 | 9.8 | 20.9 | 11.3 |
| Avg daily turnover | 65.7k (NZ\$152k) | DPS (NZc) | 17.0 | 10.0 | 6.0 | 14.0 | Price / NTA | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.5 |
| | | Imputation (%) | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | Cash div yld (%) | 8.1 | 4.7 | 2.8 | 6.6 |
| | | *Based on normalised profits | | | | Gross div yld (%) | 11.2 | 6.6 | 3.9 | 9.2 | |

Surging sales but weighted to lower margin divisions

Group sales for the year to date are effectively flat, following a surge in retail activity as New Zealand entered Alert Level 2. The key standouts are Noel Leeming and Torpedo7, with sales up +32% across both brands for the quarter to date, and +7% for the financial year to date. Whilst strong sales performance has reduced the level of discounting expected in the market, growth was led by low margin brands, weighing on group gross margin.

We suspect an element of the recent sales success represents a pull forward of demand, with sales performance concentrated in brands linked to favourable category trends; work from home, home entertainment, and sporting goods. However, should economic conditions worsen, we see scope for a pull towards value benefiting The Warehouse.

Online sales surged but higher cost to serve and product mix weigh on margin

Online penetration accelerated, particularly during Alert Level 3 where work from home requirements and home entertainment purchases saw a surge in demand at Noel Leeming. Year to date online sales represent 11.8% of group sales (7.8% in FY19), although it has ticked lower since retail doors reopened (9.3% penetration in the last seven weeks).

Whilst the online channel provided a positive sales offset to bricks & mortar disruption, high fulfilment costs, the accelerated nature of online adoption, and product mix weighed on margins.

Outlook uncertain but balance sheet in good condition

Beyond FY20 the outlook for WHS and the retail sector remains highly uncertain. The company's recent consumer survey suggests a slowdown in consumer activity is likely, particularly as government wage subsidies roll off and the economic realities become clearer. Whilst we expect to see lower sales in FY21E, recent performance alleviates concerns around discounting activity, and with NZ \$330m of undrawn bank facilities, WHS's balance sheet is well placed to weather a level of further disruption.

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The Warehouse Group (WHS)

Priced as at 09 Jul 2020 (NZ\$)

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Research Insights

 $For syth \, Barr \, Research \, In sights \, focuses \, on \, qualitative \, rather \, than \, quantitative \, assessments \, of \, an \, equity \, investment.$

We do not provide valuation, target prices or investment ratings for companies in the Research Insights series. It is targeted at selected smaller cap stocks with typically higher risk attributes, or those under transitional coverage. Our earnings and cashflow forecasts, together with key valuation and ratios provided on this page should assist investors in determining the relative valuation merits of the company.

| Profit and Loss Account (NZ\$m) | 2018A | 2019A | 2020E | 2021E | 2022E |
|--|---------|---------|---------------|----------------|----------|
| Sales revenue | 2,994.6 | 3,071.4 | 3,117.4 | 3,001.4 | 3,054.9 |
| Normalised EBITDA | 151.1 | 173.0 | 168.7 | 114.9 | 162.8 |
| Depreciation and amortisation | (59.6) | (60.6) | (58.3) | (59.4) | (64.1) |
| Normalised EBIT | 91.4 | 112.4 | 110.4 | 55.5 | 98.7 |
| Net interest | (9.2) | (8.9) | (7.5) | (6.9) | (8.6) |
| Associate income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Tax | (23.0) | (29.3) | (28.8) | (13.6) | (25.2) |
| Minority interests | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Normalised NPAT | 59.0 | 74.1 | 74.0 | 34.9 | 64.7 |
| Abnormals/other | (31.8) | (6.8) | (16.3) | 0 | 0 |
| Reported NPAT | 27.3 | 67.3 | 57.7 | 34.9 | 64.7 |
| Normalised EPS (cps) | 17.1 | 21.5 | 21.4 | 10.1 | 18.8 |
| DPS (cps) | 16.0 | 17.0 | 10.0 | 6.0 | 14.0 |
| 0 45. | 20404 | 20404 | | 00044 | |
| Growth Rates | 2018A | 2019A | 2020A | 2021A | 2022A |
| Revenue (%) | 0.5 | 2.6 | 1.5 | -3.7 | 1.8 |
| EBITDA (%) | -9.1 | 14.5 | -2.5 | -31.9 | 41.7 |
| EBIT (%) | -15.2 | 22.9 | -1.8 | -49.7 | 77.8 |
| Normalised NPAT (%) | -13.4 | 25.6 | -0.2 | -52.8 | 85.6 |
| Normalised EPS (%) | -13.2 | 25.6 | -0.2 | -52.8 | 85.6 |
| Ordinary DPS (%) | 0.0 | 6.3 | -41.2 | -40.0 | >100 |
| Cash Flow (NZ\$m) | 2018A | 2019A | 2020E | 2021E | 2022E |
| EBITDA | 151.1 | 173.0 | 168.7 | 114.9 | 162.8 |
| Working capital change | (23.6) | 57.0 | (4.6) | 9.8 | (4.4) |
| Interest & tax paid | (23.4) | (35.2) | (36.3) | (20.5) | (33.8) |
| Other | 3.9 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.2 |
| Operating cash flow | 107.9 | 198.0 | 131.1 | 107.4 | 127.7 |
| Capital expenditure | (70.2) | (61.3) | (65.0) | (65.0) | (115.0) |
| (Acquisitions)/divestments | 29.5 | 3.7 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other | 0 | (1.4) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Funding available/(required) | 67.2 | 139.0 | 66.1 | 42.4 | 12.7 |
| Dividends paid | (55.8) | (52.3) | (34.5) | (20.7) | (48.3) |
| Equity raised/(returned) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| (Increase)/decrease in net debt | 11.4 | 86.7 | 31.6 | 21.7 | (35.6) |
| Balance Sheet (NZ\$m) | 2018A | 2019A | 2020E | 2021E | 2022E |
| Working capital | 324.6 | 255.9 | 260.4 | 250.6 | 255.1 |
| Fixed assets | 353.9 | 346.7 | 353.3 | 359.0 | 409.9 |
| Intangibles | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Right of use asset | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other assets | 46.7 | 38.5 | 38.5 | 38.5 | 38.5 |
| Total funds employed | 725.2 | 641.0 | 652.2 | 648.1 | 703.4 |
| Net debt/(cash) | 162.3 | 76.2 | 44.6 | 54.5 | 111.8 |
| Lease liability | 163.4 | 172.5 | 187.1 | 187.1 | 192.7 |
| Other liabilities | 101.6 | 90.7 | 90.7 | 90.7 | 90.7 |
| Shareholder's funds | 460.4 | 473.4 | 516.8 | 502.7 | 500.8 |
| Minority interests | 0.9 | 0.7 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Total funding sources | 725.2 | 641.0 | 652.2 | 648.1 | 703.4 |
| * Forsyth Barr target prices reflect val | | | t cost of equ | ity less the r | next 12- |

| Total Tallallig Soul CCS | / 23.2 | 041.0 | 032.2 | 0-10.1 | / 00. |
|--|--------------|----------------|-------------|----------------|---------|
| * Forsyth Barr target prices reflect valua | ation rolled | l forward at o | ost of equi | ty less the ne | ext 12- |
| months dividend | | | | | |

| Valuation Ratios | 2018A | 2019A | 2020E | 2021E | 2022E |
|------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| EV/EBITDA (x) | 5.9 | 4.9 | 4.7 | 6.7 | 4.7 |
| EV/EBIT (x) | 9.7 | 7.6 | 7.1 | 13.9 | 7.8 |
| PE (x) | 12.3 | 9.8 | 9.8 | 20.9 | 11.3 |
| Price/NTA (x) | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.5 |
| Free cash flow yield (%) | 5.2 | 18.8 | 9.1 | 5.8 | 1.7 |
| Net dividend yield (%) | 7.6 | 8.1 | 4.7 | 2.8 | 6.6 |
| Gross dividend yield (%) | 10.5 | 11.2 | 6.6 | 3.9 | 9.2 |
| Capital Structure | 2018A | 2019A | 2020E | 2021E | 2022E |
| Interest cover EBIT (x) | 10.0 | 12.7 | 14.8 | 8.1 | 11.5 |
| Interest cover EBITDA (x) | 16.5 | 19.5 | 22.6 | 16.7 | 18.9 |
| Net debt/ND+E (%) | 26.1 | 13.9 | 7.9 | 9.8 | 18.2 |
| Net debt/EBITDA (x) | 1.1 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.7 |
| Key Ratios | 2018A | 2019A | 2020E | 2021E | 2022E |
| Return on assets (%) | 8.9 | 10.8 | 10.4 | 5.3 | 8.9 |
| Return on equity (%) | 12.8 | 15.7 | 14.3 | 6.9 | 12.9 |
| Return on funds employed (%) | 10.4 | 13.8 | 14.3 | 7.1 | 12.2 |
| EBITDA margin (%) | 5.0 | 5.6 | 5.4 | 3.8 | 5.3 |
| EBIT margin (%) | 3.1 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 1.8 | 3.2 |
| Capex to sales (%) | 2.3 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 3.8 |
| Capex to depreciation (%) | 118 | 101 | 111 | 110 | 179 |
| Imputation (%) | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| Pay-out ratio (%) | 94 | 79 | 47 | 59 | 75 |
| Operating Performance | 2018A | 2019A | 2020E | 2021E | 2022E |
| Divisional revenue (NZ\$m) | | | | | |
| Red Sheds | 1,716.6 | 1,705.7 | 1,674.0 | 1,612.0 | 1,641.7 |
| Blue Sheds | 263.8 | 268.6 | 261.3 | 259.5 | 263.4 |
| Noel Leeming | 880.5 | 924.6 | 994.5 | 941.9 | 956.0 |
| Torpedo7 | 163.4 | 172.5 | 187.1 | 187.1 | 192.7 |
| Total revenue | 2,994.6 | 3,071.4 | 3,117.4 | 3,001.4 | 3,054.9 |
| Gross profit (NZ\$m) | 991.2 | 1.028.6 | 969.2 | 945.6 | 989.6 |
| Gross margin (%) | 33 | 33 | 31 | 32 | 32 |
| Divisional EBIT (NZ\$m) | | | | | |
| Red Sheds | 71 | 85 | 84 | 53 | 75 |
| Blue Sheds | 11 | 17 | 15 | 11 | 12 |
| Noel Leeming | 31 | 38 | 49 | 27 | 37 |
| Torpedo7 | (1.4) | (7.0) | (7.3) | (8.2) | (0.8) |
| Total EBIT | 91 | 112 | 110 | 56 | 99 |
| EBIT margins (%) | | | | | |
| Red Sheds | 4.2 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 3.3 | 4.6 |
| Blue Sheds | 4.0 | 6.2 | 5.9 | 4.1 | 4.6 |
| Noel Leeming | 3.5 | 4.1 | 4.9 | 2.9 | 3.8 |
| Torpedo7 | -0.9 | -4.1 | -3.9 | -4.4 | -0.4 |
| • | | | | | |

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Group

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Earnings changes

We lift our FY20E earnings assumptions on the back of recent trading. Operating leverage is amplified in FY20 by wage subsidies and favourable rent negotiation outcomes. Beyond FY20, the outlook becomes very opaque, particularly in the near-term as government subsidies roll off and economic uncertainty is heightened. In FY21E, we have lifted our gross margin assumptions across the group as better than expected sales to date alleviates concerns around discounting activity, driving higher gross margin and earnings assumptions.

Given the level of current uncertainty, we do not expect WHS to pay a dividend in 2H20 or 1H21. However, recent trading has been better than expected and the balance sheet appears in good shape. We see scope for an earlier resumption of dividend payout than previously forecast and we reinstate dividends from 2H21.

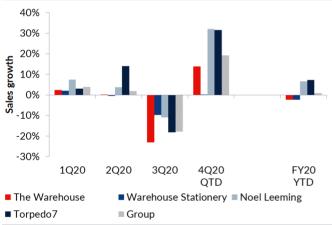
Figure 1. Earnings changes (NZ\$m)

| | | FY20E | | | FY21E | | | FY22E | |
|-------------------|---------|-------|-------|---------|-------|-------|---------|---------|-------|
| | Old | New | % chg | Old | New | % chg | Old | New | % chg |
| Sales | 2,858.5 | 3,117 | 9% | 2,999.7 | 3,001 | 0% | 3,038.6 | 3,054.9 | 1% |
| EBIT | 82.5 | 110.4 | 34% | 44.4 | 55.5 | 25% | 94.6 | 98.7 | 4% |
| Normalised profit | 53.9 | 74.0 | 37% | 26.7 | 34.9 | 31% | 61.8 | 64.7 | 5% |
| Underlying EPS | 15.6 | 21.4 | 37% | 7.7 | 10.1 | 31% | 17.9 | 18.8 | 5% |
| DPS | 10.0 | 10.0 | - | - | 6.0 | n/a | 13.5 | 14.0 | 4% |

Source: Forsyth Barr analysis

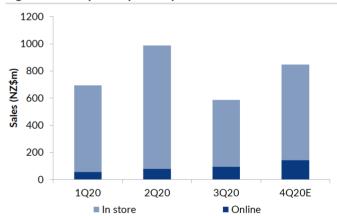
Recent trading shows a rebound

Figure 2. FY20 quarterly sales growth



Source: Company reports, Forsyth Barr analysis

Figure 3. FY20 quarterly sales by channel



Source: Company reports, Forsyth Barr analysis

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Investment Summary

The Warehouse Group (WHS) is a multi-business retailer which operates four retail chains having undergone a period of change following a suite of acquisitions and investments. The current phase is reducing complexity and driving flexibility in the model through a material business transformation. Recent signs are encouraging but it is early days. The near-term outlook for WHS and the wider retail sector is opaque, with the full extent of the impact of lockdown policies unknown and a deteriorating economic backdrop.

Business quality

- Strategic change: Details of the new strategy have been released by CEO, Nick Grayston, over the past 18 months. The focus is on leveraging the existing asset base, optimising the model and reducing complexity. WHS itself acknowledges there is a significant range of outcomes in its internal financial modelling of the strategic plan.
- **Competitive positioning:** While WHS faces strong competition from existing retailers, possible new entrants, and online retailers, it has a market leading store footprint and three very strong brands.

Earnings and cashflow outlook

- Red Sheds: Is the key contributor to profit and is the main area of focus in the business transformation. Following a very
 disappointing FY17, FY18 was a year of transition, with FY19 the first clean year to assess changes. WHS is carrying good
 momentum in its Red Sheds business into FY20.
- **NZDUSD and hedging:** All market participants are affected by FX movements, but given price conscious consumers we don't expect retailers to be able to pass on the full impact of unfavourable FX movements.

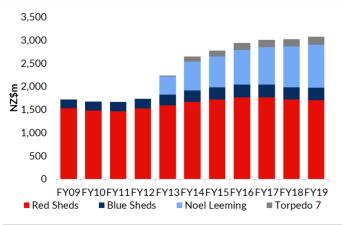
Financial structure

- Balance sheet analysis: Gearing is around 13% with WHS having reduced its debt through its transformation process, enabled by
 improved terms of trade. Operating cash flow shows the benefit of an improved working capital position, while capital expenditure
 is on improving the businesses systems and operations.
- **Dividends:** We expect dividend growth to be relatively modest in the near-to-medium-term given the reinvestment into the business that is underway.

Risk factors

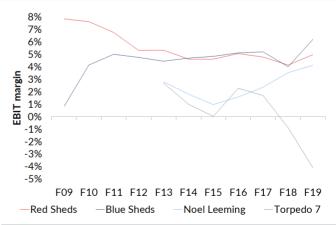
- Competitive environment: Particularly with the expansion of Kmart in New Zealand and the entry of Amazon into Australia.
- Consumer sentiment and cost inflation: Deterioration in economic conditions or general consumer sentiment. Cost inflation, particularly rising wages and rent.

Figure 4. Divisional revenue (NZ\$m)



Source: Forsyth Barr analysis

Figure 5. Divisional EBIT margin (%)



Source: Forsyth Barr analysis

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Figure 6. Price performance



Figure 7. Substantial shareholders

| Shareholder | Latest Holding |
|------------------------|----------------|
| Stephen Robert Tindall | 27.0% |
| The Tindall Foundation | 21.3% |
| James Pascoe | 19.7% |
| Foodstuffs | 9.9% |

Source: NZX, Forsyth Barr analysis, NOTE: based on SSH notices only

Figure 8. International valuation comparisons

| Company | Code | Price | Mkt Cap | PE | | EV/EBIT | ΓDA | EV/EBI | IT | Cash Yld |
|--|---------|------------|-----------------|-------|-------|---------|-------|--------|-------|----------|
| (metrics re-weighted to reflect WHS's balance date - July) | | | (m) | 2020E | 2021E | 2020E | 2021E | 2020E | 2021E | 2021E |
| The Warehouse Group | WHSNZ | NZ\$2.11 | NZ\$728 | 9.8x | 20.9x | 4.8x | 7.0x | 7.3x | 14.5x | 2.8% |
| BRISCOE GROUP * | BGP NZ | NZ\$3.20 | NZ\$711 | 17.8x | 19.1x | 7.4x | 7.3x | 10.5x | 10.2x | 4.0% |
| COSTCO WHOLESALE CORP | COST US | US\$316.32 | US\$139,663 | 37.4x | 34.5x | 20.9x | 19.2x | 27.5x | 25.1x | 0.9% |
| TARGET CORP | TGT US | US\$117.70 | US\$58,852 | 20.8x | 20.4x | 10.4x | 10.5x | 17.6x | 17.5x | 2.4% |
| REJECT SHOP/THE | TRS AT | A\$7.48 | A\$286 | >50x | >50x | 19.8x | 16.6x | >75x | 44.2x | 0.3% |
| WALMARTINC | WMT US | US\$124.44 | US\$352,408 | 24.3x | 23.8x | 12.3x | 12.4x | 19.6x | 18.6x | 1.8% |
| KATHMANDU HOLDINGS* | KMD NZ | NZ\$1.20 | NZ\$851 | 16.8x | 19.3x | 12.2x | 9.3x | 18.6x | 13.4x | 2.5% |
| MICHAEL HILL INTL * | MHJ NZ | A\$0.35 | A\$134 | 14.0x | 39.1x | 4.2x | 5.7x | 9.3x | 19.3x | 8.2% |
| | | | Compco Average: | 21.8x | 26.0x | 12.5x | 11.6x | 17.2x | 21.2x | 2.9% |
| EV = Current Market Cap + Actual Net Debt | | | WHS Relative: | -55% | -20% | -62% | -40% | -58% | -32% | -1% |

Source: "Forsyth Barr analysis, Bloomberg Consensus, Compco metrics re-weighted to reflect headline (WHS) companies fiscal year end

Figure 9. Consensus EPS momentum (NZ\$)

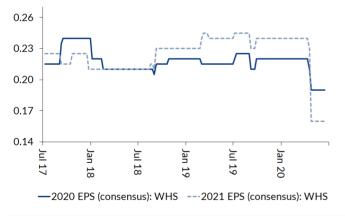
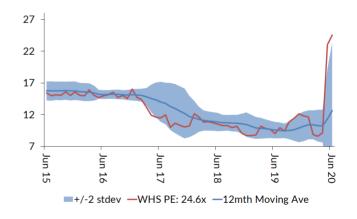


Figure 10. One year forward PE (x)



Source: Forsyth Barr analysis

Source: Forsyth Barr analysis



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